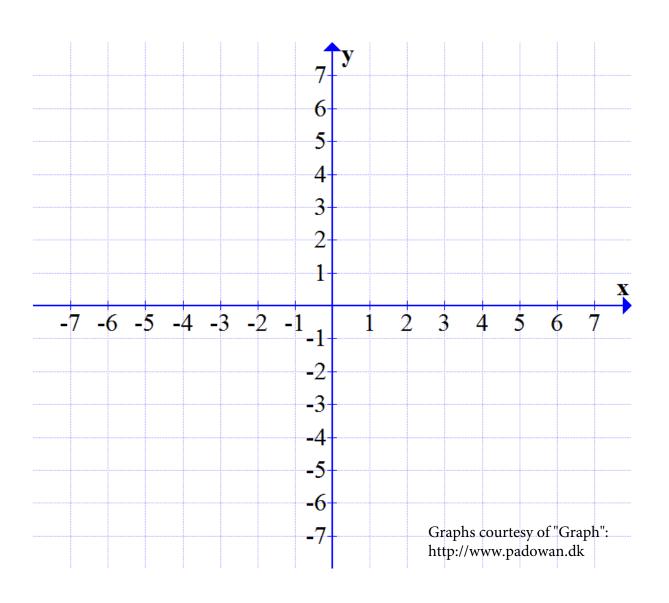
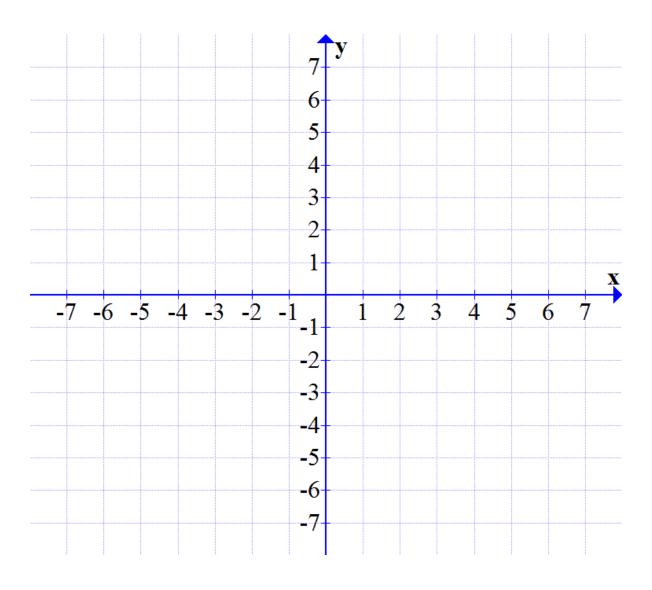
Create an "x, y table" of solutions, including x and y intercepts, and graph the equation:

$$y = \frac{2}{3}x + 1$$



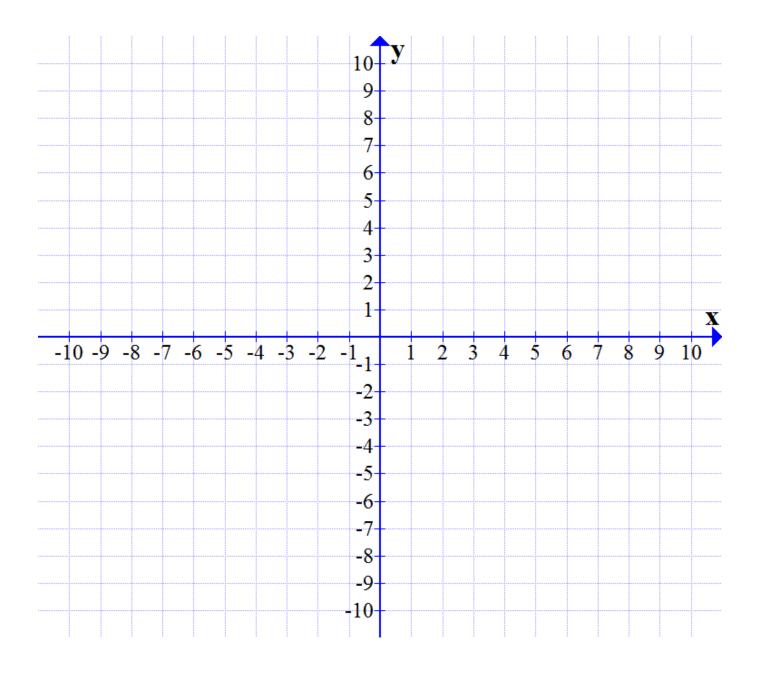
This equation is in slope-intercept form, so named because this is the slope, and this is the y-intercept (when x is 0).

$$y = \frac{2}{3}x + 1$$



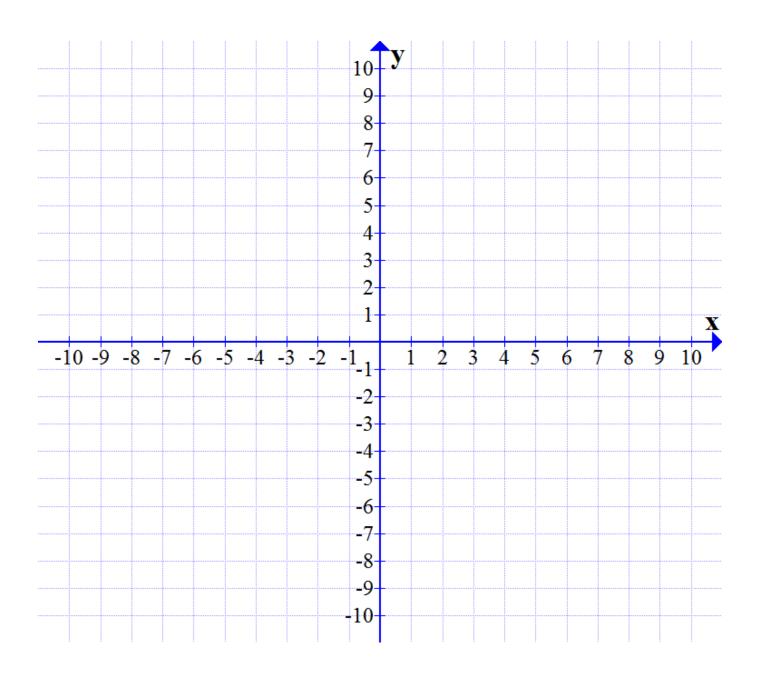
Graph the equation, which is written in slope-intercept form.

$$y = \frac{3}{5}x - 2$$



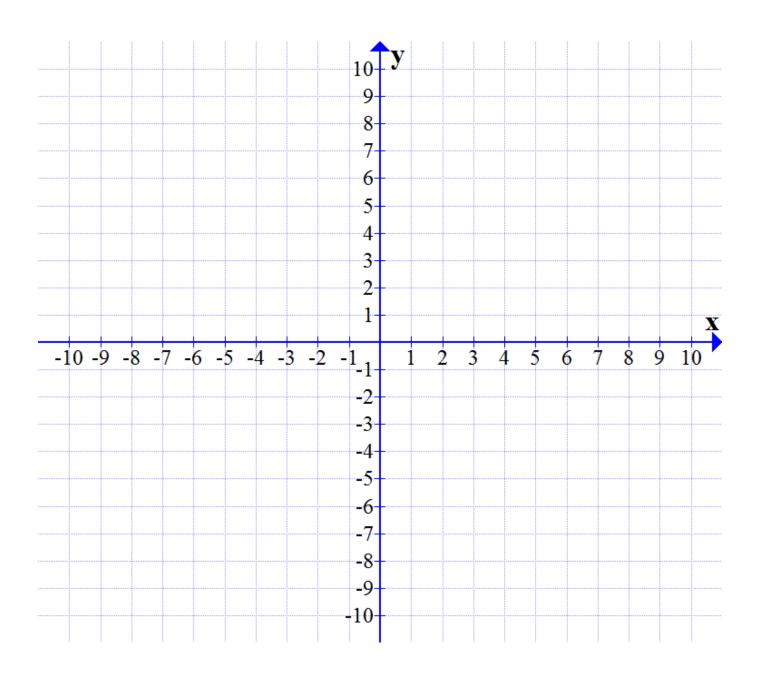
Graph the equation, which is written in slope-intercept form.

$$y = 6x + 4$$



Graph the equation, which is written in slope-intercept form.

$$y = \frac{4}{7}x$$



Slope-intercept form: y = mx + b

Examples: 
$$y = \frac{2}{7}x - 3$$
,  $y = -9x + 4$ ,  $y = \frac{2}{5}x$ 

$$y = -9x + 4,$$

$$y = \frac{2}{5}x$$

Standard form: Ax + By = C

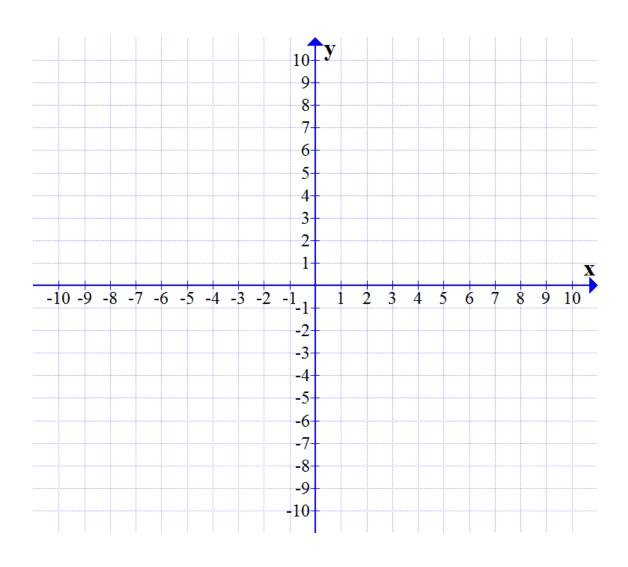
Examples: 
$$2x + 6y = 18$$
  $5x - 3y = 7$   $8x + y = -10$ 

$$5x - 3y = 7$$

$$8x + y = -10$$

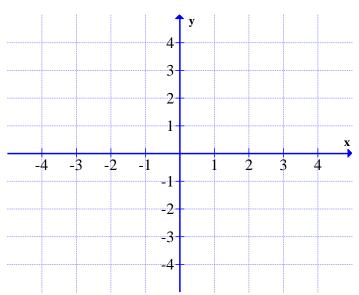
Write the equation in slope-intercept form and graph it.

$$2x + 6y = 18$$



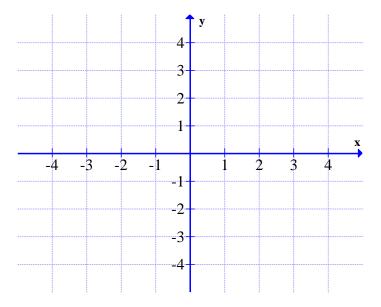
## **Positive Slope**

$$m = \frac{rise}{run}$$



## **Negative Slope**

$$m = \frac{rise}{run}$$

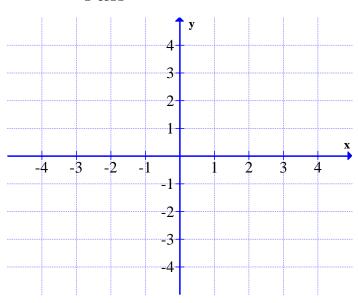


Slope is zero.

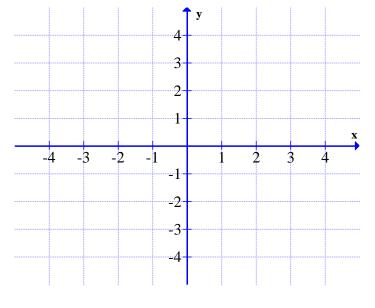
Slope is undefined.

(also termed no slope)

$$m = \frac{rise}{run}$$



 $m = \frac{rise}{run}$ 



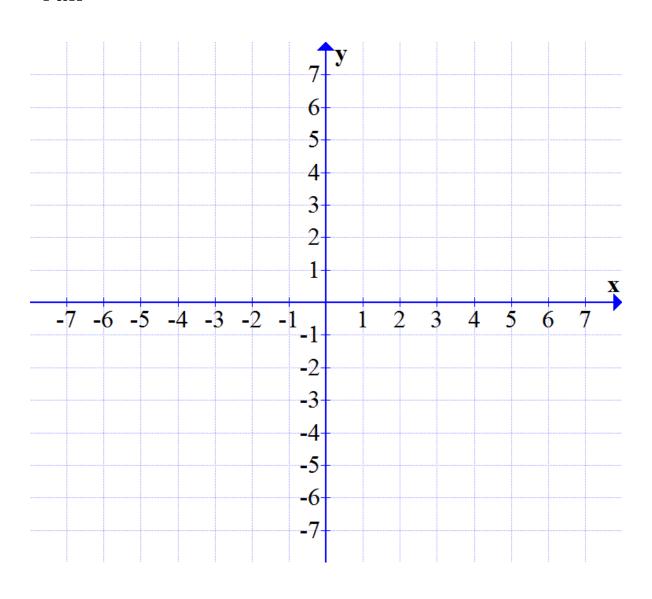
horizontal line

vertical line

Given two points, find the slope. (-4, 1), (2, 3)

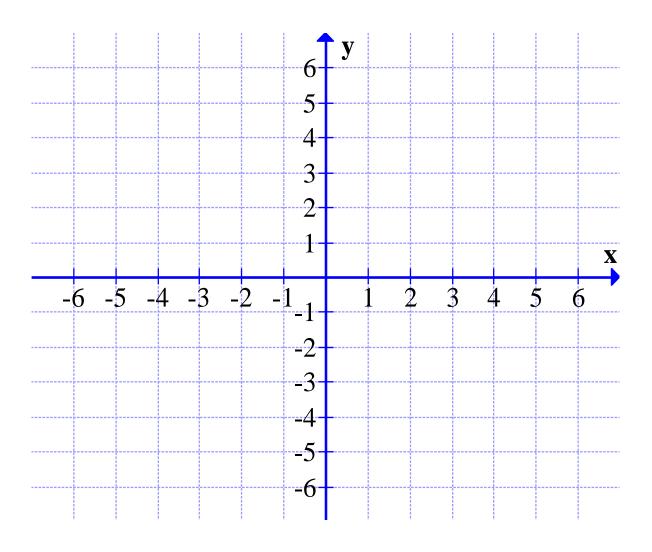
Use the slope formula: 
$$m = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1}$$

$$m = \frac{rise}{run}$$



Given a point and a slope, you can graph the line.

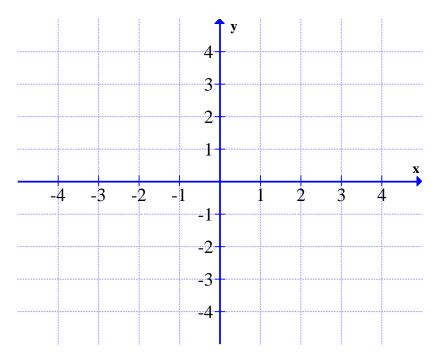
$$(-4,1)$$
  $m=\frac{2}{5}$ 



parallel lines — slope is same

$$y = \frac{3}{2}x - 4$$

$$y = \frac{3}{2}x - 1$$



perpendicular lines — slope is negative reciprocal

$$y = \frac{1}{4}x + 2$$

$$y = -\frac{4}{1}x + 3$$

